Begin Nov 9, 1961

1961

30.24-2203

A93WX(CQ)

(520) NIGHT LEAD NEHRU

BY LEWIS HAWKINS

30.24

WASHINGTON, NOV. 9 (AP)-INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER NEHRU RECOGNIZES THE WESTERN POWERS' RIGHT OF ACCESS TO WEST BERLIN. BUT HE REFUSES TO ACCEPT THE U. S. POSITION THAT IT MUST TEST NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO COUNTER RUSSIAN TESTING.

THESE SALIENT FACTS EMERGED TODAY AS NEHRU COMPLETED FOUR DAYS OF TALKS WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND THE LEADERS ISSUED A JOINT COMMUNIQUE--A 700-WORD DOCUMENT WHICH REVEALED AS MUCH BY WHAT IT DID NOT SAY AS BY WHAT IT SAID.

EARLIER, THE NEUTRALIST LEADER AT A NATIONAL PRESS CLUB LUNCHEON CALLED MOSCOW'S RESUMPTION OF NUCLEAR TESTING "A VERY HARMFUL, DISASTROUS THING..." BUT, AS IN THE LATER COMMUNIQUE, HE DID NOT SEE IN IT A JUSTIFICATION FOR RESUMED U. S. TESTING.

NEHRU TOLD THE NEWSMEN ALSO THAT ONLY WAR COULD BRING ABOUT ANY EARLY CHANGE IN THE PRESENT BOUNDARIES OF THE TWO GERMANYS. BUT HE ADDED HIS BELIEF THAT "RUSSIA TODAY AIMS AT AND DESIRES PEACE."

THE COMMUNIQUE CALLED THE DISCUSSIONS BETWEEN THE PRESIDENT AND THE 71-YEAR-OLD INDIAN "ESPECIALLY PLEASANT AND REWARDING CONVERSATIONS." AND, IN ADDITION TO THE RIGHT-OF-ACCESS MATTER, IT LISTED SEVERAL AREAS OF AT LEAST GENERAL AGREEMENT.

BUT THE COMMUNIQUE'S OMISSIONS, PLUS NEHRU'S RESPONSES TO QUESTIONS AT THE PRESS LUNCHEON, MADE IT APPEAR THAT NEITHER ONE HAD CONVINCED THE OTHER ON SUCH MATTERS AS U. S. TESTING, THE DIVISION OF GERMANY AND HOW BEST TO ASSURE AN INDEPENDENT LAOS.

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THE TWO MEN GAVE PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO AREAS WHERE PEACE IS THREATENED, MENTIONING BERLIN AND SOUTHEAST ASIA SPECIFICALLY. IT SAID KENNEDY "REAFFIRMED THE UNITED STATES' COMMITMENT TO SUPPORT THE FREEDOM AND ECONOMIC VIABILITY OF THE TWO AND ONE-QUARTER MILLION PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN."

IT CONTINUED "THE PRESIDENT AND PRIME MINISTER CONCURRED IN THE LEGITIMATE AND NECESSARY RIGHT OF ACCESS TO BERLIN." BUT THERE WAS NO MENTION OF NEHRU'S OFTEN-STATED POSITION THAT THE PRESENT DIVISION OF GERMANY IS A REALITY THAT MUST BE ACCEPTED AND THAT SELF-DETERMINATION THROUGH FREE ELECTIONS IN BOTH GERMANYS IS IMPRACTICAL.

SUCH A REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY VIA THE BALLOT BOX IS A LONGTIME U. S. OBJECTIVE REASSERTED IN THE COMMUNIQUE WHICH SAID KENNEDY "UNDERLINED THE IMPORTANCE OF THE CHOICES OF THE PEOPLE DIRECTLY CONCERNED."

THE COMMUNIQUE'S PARAGRAPH ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING SAID THE PRESIDENT POINTED OUT THAT RUSSIA BROKE THE PREVIOUS, INFORMAL TEST BAN AND "REAFFIRMED THE UNITED STATES' UNWILLINGNESS TO ACCEPT A FURTHER UNCONTROLLED TEST MORATORIUM". THE PARAGRAPH CONCLUDED THE TWO MEN "AGREED ON THE URGENT NEED FOR A TREATY BANNING NUCLEAR TESTS WITH NECESSARY PROVISION FOR INSPECTION AND CONTROL."

THIS ACCEPTANCE OF THE U. S. POSITION ON THE NEED FOR CONTROLS INDICATED SOME SLIGHT MODIFICATION OF NEHRU'S STAND AGAINST ANY TESTING UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES. BUT IT WAS NOT AN ACCEPTANCE OF THE U. S. CLAIM THAT ITS RESUMPTION OF UNDERGROUND TESTING--AND PERHAPS OF AERIAL TESTING LIKE THE RUSSIANS'--IS FULLY JUSTIFIED ON THE GROUNDS OF SELF-PRESERVATION.

OF LAOS, THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THE TWO MEN "CONFIRMED THAT IT IS THE COMMON OBJECTIVE OF THE UNITED STATES AND INDIA THAT LAOS BE A GENUINELY NEUTRAL STATE." AND IT SAID EACH SOUTHEAST ASIAN NATION SHOULD BE LEFT FREE TO CHOOSE ITS OWN COURSE IN SOLVING ITS ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL PROBLEMS.

BUT THERE WAS NO INDICATION OF HOW THESE GENERAL GOALS WERE TO BE ACHIEVED, LENDING SUPPORT TO REPORTS THAT NEHRU DOES NOT GO ALONG FULLY WITH U. S. EFFORTS TO BOLSTER LAOTIAN MILITARY CAPABILITIES.

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THE TWO NATIONS "SHARE IN THE FULLEST MEASURE THEIR COMMON OBJECTIVE TO DEVELOP THE UNITED NATIONS AS THE MOST EFFECTIVE INSTRUMENT OF WORLD PEACE." KENNEDY "EXPRESSED HIS SPECIAL APPRECIATION FOR THE ROLE PLAYED BY THE INDIAN SOLDIERS IN THE CONGO" AND NOTED THEY MAKE UP MORE THAN ONE THIRD OF THE U. N. FORCES THERE.

U. S. OFFICIALS CONSIDERED THE MAIN VALUE OF THE TALKS WITH NEHRU WAS IN THE OPPORTUNITY THEY GAVE TO KENNEDY TO EXPLAIN THE U. S. POSITION ON TOP COLD WAR ISSUES.

IN THE TALKS, NEHRU WAS REPORTED TO HAVE SUGGESTED THAT A MORATORIUM ON NUCLEAR TESTING BE RESUMED WITH ROUGH AND READY CONTROLS PENDING AGREEMENT ON A DETAILED NUCLEAR TEST BAN TREATY WITH FULL INSPECTION.

KENNEDY REPLIED, U. S. SOURCES SAID, THE PROBLEMS HE HAD MET IN DEALING WITH THE RUSSIANS ON THE TEST BAN TREATY AND EMPHASIZED THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD NOT ACCEPT AN UNCONTROLLED MORATORIUM.

IN HIS PRESS CLUB TALK, NEHRU EXPRESSED HEARTY APPROVAL OF THE DOWNGRADING OF THE LATE SOVIET PREMIER JOSEPH STALIN BY HIS SUCCESSOR, NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV. NEHRU CALLED THIS A FAVORABLE FACTOR FOR WORLD PEACE.

ON ONE OF THE TOUCHIEST QUESTIONS FOR INDIA, THE QUESTION OF RELATIONS WITH PAKISTAN, THE COMMUNIQUE MENTIONED THIS ONLY AS ONE OF THE SUBJECTS WHICH HAD BEEN DISCUSSED DURING THE MEETINGS.

LAST JULY, A COMMUNIQUE WHICH FOLLOWED THE TALKS HERE BETWEEN KENNEDY AND PAKISTAN PRESIDENT AYUB KHAN SPOKE OUT STRONGLY FOR A SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES WHICH ARE DISTURBING THE STABILITY OF SOUTH ASIA.

THIS TIME, THERE WAS NO MENTION OF THIS, ALTHOUGH IT IS KNOWN THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD LIKE TO SEE NEHRU AND AYUB KHAN GET TOGETHER TO SETTLE THEIR DISPUTE OVER KASHMIR.

EG1147PES NM

1961

A106 (500 UP)

EDITOR'S NOTE:

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS BUREAU CHIEF IN MOSCOW, PRESTON GROVER, A FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT FOR MORE THAN 20 YEARS AND OBSERVER OF THE POLITICAL SCENES ON FOUR CONTINENTS, REPORTS IN THE FOLLOWING DISPATCH DETAILS ON EAST-WEST DEALINGS THAT COULD TAKE THE HEAT OFF BERLIN. HIS DISPATCH WAS SENT TO THE UNITED STATES VIA LONDON, STARTING AT 1:30 A.M. FRIDAY, MOSCOW TIME.

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BY PRESTON GROVER

MOSCOW, FRIDAY, NOV. 10 (AP)-A RADICAL CHANGE IN SOVIET POLICY AIMED AT PROMOTING A SETTLEMENT OF THE BERLIN AND GERMAN QUESTIONS WAS REPORTED IN AUTHORITATIVE CIRCLES TODAY.

THE NEW POSITION HAS BEEN CONVEYED TO THE THREE WESTERN ALLIES AND TO WEST GERMANY. IT WAS REPORTED HERE AS FOLLOWS:

--- THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT IS PREPARED TO WORK OUT AN ADVANCE AGREEMENT WITH THE WEST ON A NEW STATUS FOR WEST BERLIN GUARANTEEING BOTH ITS FREEDOM AND FREEDOM OF ACCESS TO IT FROM THE WEST. WHEN THIS AGREEMENT IS WORKED OUT SATISFACTORILY, AN ARRANGEMENT SHOULD BE MADE TO RESPECT EAST GERMAN SOVEREIGNTY.

---ONLY AS A FINAL STEP WOULD CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY BE TAKEN UP.

THAT APPEARS TO BE WHAT HAS KEPT WESTERN DIPLOMATIC CHANNELS SO ACTIVE IN THE PAST 48 HOURS OR MORE.

HERETOFORE, PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HAS TAKEN THE POSITION THAT A GERMAN TREATY MUST BE WORKED OUT. THEN ON THE BASIS OF THAT, A NEW STATUS WOULD BE NEGOTIATED FOR BERLIN. TO THE WEST THIS MEANT TO PUT THE CART BEFORE THE HORSE AND OBLIGE THE WEST TO RECOGNIZE EAST GERMANY BEFORE ANY AGREEMENT HAD BEEN REACHED ON WHAT THE WEST CONSIDERS THE MORE VITAL ISSUE--INDEPENDENCE OF WEST BERLIN.

SUCH RECOGNITION WAS ESPECIALLY DISTASTEFUL TO THE WEST SINCE IT IMPLIED MORE OR LESS OFFICIAL ABANDONMENT OF THE IDEA OF REUNITING GERMANY. THIS IS A THING ALMOST UNACCEPTABLE TO ANY WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT.

THE NEWLY REPORTED PROPOSAL APPEARS TO BRIDGE THIS GAP SOMEWHAT.

THE SOVIET POSITION HAS BEEN SUCH THAT THE WEST HAS FELT THERE WAS LITTLE REASON TO GO TO THE NEGOTIATING TABLE. IN THE WESTERN VIEW NO GROUNDS FOR NEGOTIATIONS WOULD BE LEFT IF THE WEST FIRST HAD TO CEDE SOVEREIGNTY AND FULL NATIONAL STATUS TO EAST GERMANY.

THE NEW PROPOSALS AS OUTLINED BY AUTHORITATIVE SOURCES WOULD APPEAR TO APPROACH THE WESTERN POSITION. NEGOTIATIONS WOULD FIRST BE ON THE BERLIN QUESTION, THEN ON THE PEACE TREATY.

AN OUTLINE OF THE NEW POSITION APPEARS TO FALL INTO A FOUR-PART CONSECUTIVE SCHEDULE:

1. THE FOUR OCCUPYING POWERS SHOULD REACH AN AGREEMENT ON A NEW STATUS FOR WEST BERLIN WHICH GUARANTEES THE FREEDOM OF ITS INHABITANTS AND THE FREEDOM OF COMMUNICATION BETWEEN WEST BERLIN AND THE WEST.

2. A SEPARATE AGREEMENT SHOULD BE REACHED BETWEEN EAST GERMANY AND THE SOVIET UNION BY WHICH EAST GERMANY WOULD UNDERTAKE TO RESPECT THE NEW STATUS OF BERLIN AND ACCEPT THE GUARANTEES CONTAINED IN IT COVERING FREEDOM OF PEOPLE AND FREEDOM OF COMMUNICATION.

3. THE WESTERN POWERS SHOULD AGREE TO RESPECT THE SOVEREIGNTY OF EAST GERMANY, AND WEST GERMANY SHOULD SPECIFICALLY ACCEPT THIS AGREEMENT.

4. FINALLY A PEACE TREATY SHOULD BE WORKED OUT WITH GERMANY.

THERE ARE STILL MANY BLANKS TO BE FILLED IN AND SOME OF THESE WOULD BE FILLED IN ONLY AT THE NEGOTIATING TABLE.

THE NEW OUTLINE OF THE RUSSIAN POSITION APPEARED TO OBSERVERS HERE TO GO A LONG WAY TOWARD MEETING WESTERN DEMANDS THAT FREEDOM FOR WEST BERLIN SHOULD BE ASSURED WITHOUT OBLIGING THE WEST TO RECOGNIZE THE INDEPENDENCE AND SOVEREIGN POSITION OF EAST GERMANY BEFOREHAND.

IT WAS CLEAR THAT THE RUSSIANS HAD NOT SPELLED OUT IN DETAIL THE EXTENT OF THE FREEDOM MEANT FOR BERLIN. KHRUSHCHEV HAS REPEATEDLY INSISTED THAT FREEDOM WOULD BE ASSURED, BUT NOT FREEDOM FOR THOSE LARGE CLASSES OF PEOPLE WHO IN RUSSIAN EYES ARE SPIES, WARMONGERS, SABOTEURS AND DIVERSIONISTS. THOSE TERMS HAVE BEEN INTERPRETED IN THE PAST TO INCLUDE ANYBODY THE SOVIET UNION DID NOT APPROVE OF FOR ANY REASON WHATEVER.

NOT SPELLED OUT EITHER WAS THE MEASURE OF RECOGNITION OR ACCEPTANCE REQUIRED FOR EAST GERMANY. AUTHORITATIVE SOURCES WERE OF THE OPINION THAT OUTRIGHT RECOGNITION OF EAST GERMANY IS NOT SPECIFICALLY REQUIRED.

THE NEW POSITION OUTLINED AUTHORITATIVELY REPRESENTED A SHARP REVERSAL OF STATEMENTS MADE BY KHRUSHCHEV AND HIS DEFENSE MINISTER MARSHAL RODION MALINOVSKY NOV. 7 AT REVOLUTION DAY EXERCISES. APPARENTLY ALMOST AT THE SAME TIME THE NEW SOVIET POSITION WAS BEING OUTLINED.

CERTAINLY ON THE NIGHT OF NOV. 7, KHRUSHCHEV TOLD WESTERN CORRESPONDENTS THAT THE SOVIET UNION DID NOT INTEND TO TRY TO HUSTLE THE WEST TO THE NEGOTIATING TABLE. HE REPEATED THAT HIS OLD DEADLINE FOR A TREATY, DEC. 31 WAS NO LONGER IMPORTANT. JUST WHEN OR HOW THE NEW POSITION, AS REPORTED AUTHORITATIVELY, HAD BEEN PASSED ON TO THE WEST COULD NOT BE LEARNED.

AMBASSADOR HANS KROLL OF WEST GERMANY SPENT ONE HOUR AND 45 MINUTES WITH KHRUSHCHEV TODAY. THE GERMAN EMBASSY HERE SAID GERMAN ISSUES WERE DISCUSSED, BUT DECLINED DETAILS.

EAST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER LOTHAR BOLZ HAD A LENGTHY SESSION ALMOST AT THE SAME TIME WITH SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO.

KROLL IS GOING TO BONN SOON TO GIVE A FULL REPORT TO CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER BEFORE THE LATTER LEAVES FOR CONFERENCES WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY IN WASHINGTON.

THE FOUR WESTERN AMBASSADORS, KROLL, SIR FRANK ROBERTS OF BRITAIN, MAURICE DE JEAN OF FRANCE, AND LLEWELLYN THOMPSON OF THE UNITED STATES, MET IN THE AMERICAN EMBASSY YESTERDAY BUT NONE OF THEM WAS PREPARED TO GIVE ANY DETAIL OF THEIR DISCUSSIONS.

JUST WHAT MIGHT PROMPT THE SOVIET UNION TO TAKE A RADICAL NEW POSITION AT THIS TIME CAN ONLY BE SURMISED. CERTAINLY THERE IS UNEASINESS HERE BOTH IN THE SOVIET UNION AND IN THE SOCIALIST STATES AT THE WORLD REACTION TO THE TWO MONTHS OF NUCLEAR TESTING. THE NEW SOVIET POSITION MAY HAVE BEEN PROMPTED BY DISCUSSIONS AMONG THE SOCIALIST LEADERS ATTENDING THE COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS WHICH ENDED OCT. 31.

BUT THE FINAL WORD OF THE NEW POSITION APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN GIVEN TO THE WEST DIRECTLY BY SOVIET OFFICIALS.

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A142WX

(280) WITH MOSCOW

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, NOV. 9 (AP)-HIGH U. S. OFFICIALS WERE SKEPTICAL TONIGHT OF INITIAL REPORTS FROM MOSCOW ON A RADICAL CHANGE IN SOVIET POLICY ON THE BERLIN ISSUE.

THESE OFFICIALS SUGGESTED THAT THE BROAD LINES OF THE SOVIET PROPOSAL AS REPORTED IN PRESS DISPATCHES WERE GENERALLY IN ACCORD WITH THE IDEAS ADVANCED BY FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO IN HIS TALKS WITH SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK IN SEPTEMBER.

IN MID-EVENING STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID THEY HAD NO REPORT FROM THE SOVIET CAPITAL OF ANY NEW RUSSIAN PROPOSALS ON THE BERLIN SITUATION. BUT THEY DID NOT DISCOUNT IN ANY WAY THE POSSIBILITY THAT RUSSIA MAY NOW BE MAKING SOME SPECIFIC MOVE TOWARD NEGOTIATIONS FOR A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT.

THE SOVIET PROPOSITION AS REPORTED APPEARED TO LEAVE SEVERAL QUESTIONS UNANSWERED, INCLUDING SOME THAT RUSK HAD SOUGHT TO CLARIFY IN HIS DISCUSSIONS WITH GROMYKO. AMONG THEM ARE EXACTLY WHAT THE SOVIETS MEAN BY "GUARANTEES" OF FREE ACCESS TO BERLIN AND, INDEED, WHAT THEY MEAN PRECISELY BY A "FREE WEST BERLIN." FURTHERMORE, THE WESTERN POWERS ARE UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE AGREED LONG SINCE THAT THEY DID NOT INTEND TO RECOGNIZE THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST REGIME ALTHOUGH THEY HAVE DISCUSSED SOME ACCEPTANCE IN FACT OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMAN AUTHORITY OVER THE TERRITORY OF EAST GERMANY.

THE REPORTED PROPOSAL THAT THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE WESTERN POWERS SHOULD BE WORKED OUT IN ADVANCE OF A SIGNING OF A RUSSIAN-EAST GERMAN PEACE TREATY IS ALSO UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE BEEN SUGGESTED IN EARLIER CONVERSATIONS BY SOVIET LEADERS WITH FOREIGN DIPLOMATS.

U. S. OFFICIALS HAVE CONSIDERED THIS AN ENCOURAGING EVIDENCE THAT THE MOSCOW GOVERNMENT PREFERRED IF POSSIBLE TO FIND A PEACEFUL SOLUTION TO

THE BERLIN CRISIS RATHER THAN TO RISK FORCING A SHOWDOWN WITH THE SIGNING OF AN EAST GERMAN TREATY PRIOR TO UNDERSTANDING WITH THE WEST.

CR1020PES

A75 (230)

NIGHT LEAD BERLIN

BY JOHN FIEHN

BERLIN, NOV. 9 (AP)-THE U.S. ARMY TODAY TOOK OVER FROM WEST BERLIN POLICE THE JOB OF BORDER CHECKS ON RUSSIAN CIVILIANS CROSSING INTO WEST BERLIN.

ALLIED OFFICIALS SAID IT WAS THE FIRST TIME THAT AMERICANS INSPECTED IDENTIFICATIONS OF SOVIETS IN THIS FOUR-POWER CITY.

VIOLENCE FLARED ON THE BORDER IN THE BRITISH SECTOR TONIGHT. WEST BERLIN SAID ONE OF THEIR PATROLS WAS ATTACKED BY EAST GERMAN POLICE, OR VOPOS, WITH TEAR GAS GRENADES. THE VOPOS HURLED 16 TEAR GAS GRENADES OVER THE WALL AND WEST POLICE RESPONDED WITH THE SAME NUMBER OF TEAR GAS BOMBS.

THE U.S. ARMY ALSO BEGAN SHUTTLING TROOP UNITS OVER THE RUSSIAN-CONTROLLED AUTOBAHN, OR HIGHWAY, BETWEEN WEST GERMANY AND WEST BERLIN FOR BRIEF TRAINING PERIODS IN BERLIN.

THIS WAS DESCRIBED AS ROUTINE. HOWEVER, PERIODIC STAGING OF SUCH EXERCISES WILL ENABLE THE ARMY TO KEEP ITS UNITS ROLLING ALONG THE HIGHWAY LIFELINE AT FREQUENT INTERVALS.

WEST BERLIN POLICE HAD NEVER BEEN TOO HAPPY ABOUT CHECKING ON SOVIET CIVILIANS RIDING IN CARS LICENSED IN EAST BERLIN. SINCE THEY STARTED DOING IT NOV.1, THEY SAID PRIVATELY THAT IF THIS HAD TO BE DONE IT SHOULD BE DONE BY THE ALLIES. THE MOVE GIVING THE JOB TO U.S. MILITARY POLICE APPEARED TO RECOGNIZE THIS OBJECTION.

POLICE ARE NOW UNDER INSTRUCTION TO REFER SOVIET CIVILIANS IN NON-RUSSIAN VEHICLES TO INSPECTION BY U.S. MILITARY POLICE AT THE CHECKPOINT WHERE FOREIGNERS CROSS BETWEEN EAST AND WEST BERLIN.

A MOTORIZED COMPANY OF 150 RIFLEMEN LEFT BAMBERG IN BAVARIA TODAY AND HEADED FOR BERLIN TO INAUGURATE THE NEW PROGRAM OF TRAINING IN BERLIN. THE UNIT, COMPANY D OF THE 1ST BATTLE GROUP, 15TH INFANTRY, 3RD DIVISION, WILL TRAIN IN BERLIN SEVERAL DAYS AND THEN RETURN TO BAMBERG. UNITS FROM THE 6,500-MAN GARRISON HERE ALSO WILL BE SHUTTLED TO WEST GERMANY FOR BRIEF TRAINING PERIODS.

1961

A113KX (LBJ) (CX FW ATOMIC) P538PES

T(280)

KANSAS CITY, NOV. 9 (AP)-A RETREAT BY THE UNITED STATES FROM BERLIN WOULD EVENTUALLY MEAN RETREAT FROM OUR COASTAL CITIES, VICE PRESIDENT LYNDON JOHNSON SAID IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR DELIVERY TONIGHT.

THE SPEECH WAS TO HAVE BEEN DELIVERED AT A SCHEDULED ACHIEVEMENT DAY DINNER HERE FOR WILLIAM JEWELL COLLEGE OF NEARBY LIBERTY, MO.

JUST BEFORE THE DINNER GOT UNDER WAY, A FIRE IN A KITCHEN AT THE HOTEL MUEHLEBACH CAUSED THE DINNER TO BE CANCELLED. THE VICE PRESIDENT AND MEMBERS OF HIS PARTY LEFT THEIR 11TH FLOOR SUITE WHEN FIREMEN ORDERED THE BUILDING EVACUATED.

IN HIS PREPARED SPEECH, JOHNSON SAID:

"WE CANNOT ACHIEVE PEACE BY RUNNING AWAY FROM THE PROSPECTS OF WAR."

WE MUST STAND FIRM ON OUR COMMITMENTS IN BERLIN," JOHNSON SAID. "A RETREAT THERE WOULD LEAD TO A FUTURE RETREAT FROM PARIS, FROM LONDON AND ULTIMATELY FROM THE CITIES OF THE SEACOAST IN OUR OWN COUNTRY.

"AS WE STRENGTHEN THE DEFENSIVE CAPACITY OF OUR COUNTRY WE ARE not SUGGESTING THE INEVITABILITY OF WAR, BUT RATHER WE ARE PROVIDING THE ESSENTIAL BARRIER BEHIND WHICH WE MAY WORK TO CONSTRUCT FOUNDATIONS OF A RATIONAL WORLD SOCIETY."

THE VICE PRESIDENT RECEIVED AN HONORARY DOCTOR OF LAWS DEGREE EARLIER IN THE DAY AT WILLIAM JEWELL, IN LIBERTY, MO. AFTERWARD HE AND MISSOURI GOV. JOHN DALTON, WHO ALSO RECEIVED THE AWARD, VISITED WITH FORMER PRESIDENT HARRY TRUMAN AT THE TRUMAN LIBRARY IN INDEPENDENCE. JOHNSON WAS TO FLY TO AUSTIN, TEX., AFTER HIS SPEECH TONIGHT.

THE UNITED STATES MUST GUARD AGAINST EFFORTS OF DOMESTIC COMMUNISTS TO UNDERCUT OR SUBVERT NATIONAL EFFORTS, HE SAID AT LIBERTY.

"BUT WE MUST BE CAREFUL NOT TO HIT THE WRONG TARGET. MISTAKING OTHER

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IDEOLOGIES OF WELL MEANING PEOPLE FOR COMMUNISM.

"WE CANNOT RETIRE FROM WORLD AFFAIRS AND LEAVE THE FUTURE TO OTHERS ON THE BELIEF THAT IF WE WILL IT, WE CAN ISOLATE OURSELVES FROM THE REST OF THE WORLD AS WE ONCE WERE. WE MUST STAY IN AND HELP STRENGTHEN THE UNITED NATIONS."

JOHNSON DESCRIBED THE BERLIN WALL AS A SYMBOL OF BANKRUPTCY OF THE SOVIET POLICY IN EUROPE.

"WHILE THE BERLIN WALL HAS CREATED NEW PROBLEMS FOR THE WEST, IT STANDS AS A MONUMENTAL SYMBOL OF THE UTTER BANKRUPTCY OF SOVIET POLICY IN EUROPE. SUCH ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL SETBACKS, COUPLED WITH AN UNCERTAIN CHINA AT THEIR BACKYARD, MAY HELP EXPLAIN RECKLESS MILITARY PRESSURE OF THE KREMLIN IN CENTRAL EUROPE."

B735PCS

DAYTON, OHIO, NOV. 9 (AP)-A FORMER AMERICAN COMMANDANT IN BERLIN HAS TAKEN POT SHOTS AT THE UNITED STATES' FOREIGN POLICY LABELING IT "A DEAD DUCK."

BRIG. GEN. FRANK L. HOWLEY, USA RET., COMMANDANT DURING THE BERLIN AIRLIFT, TOLD A TELEVISION AUDIENCE (OVER WHIO-TV) YESTERDAY THAT "WE HAVE A LOT OF PRIMA DONNAS WHO ARE DASHING AROUND LIKE A FOOTBALL PLAYER WHO, INSTEAD OF RUNNING WITH THE BALL, IS WAVING AT THE GRANDSTANDS."

NOW A VICE PRESIDENT OF NEW YORK UNIVERSITY, THE GENERAL SAID:

"I SPEAK NOW ENTIRELY AS A PRIVATE CITIZEN AND IF THE PENTAGON DOESN'T LIKE WHAT I SAY, IT'S TOO BAD. MAYBE THEY'RE WRONG. AND IF THE STATE DEPARTMENT DOESN'T LIKE, IT, THAT'S THEIR FUNERAL TOO."

ON OTHER MATTERS HE SAID: B1co

ADLAI STEVENSON IS "COMPLETELY IMPRACTICAL WHEN IT COMES TO FOREIGN AFFAIRS."

CHESTER BOWLES HAS "VERY GOOD IDEAS, BUT I THINK THEY'RE WRONG AT THIS TIME."

RECENTLY RESIGNED MAJ. GEN. EDWIN A. WALKER "WAS APPARENTLY ORDERED BY EISENHOWER IN 1958 TO DO THE INDOCTRINATING AND THIS ADMINISTRATION PUNISHED HIM FOR DOING IT. MAYBE HE DID IT BADLY. I THINK IT'S ALWAYS RISKY TO TAKE AN OUT-AND-OUT MILITARY MAN AND TRY AND PUT HIM IN AREAS OF POLITICAL COMPLEX."

IN BERLIN "WE'VE ALLOWED THE SITUATION TO GROW FOR 12 YEARS SINCE WE THREW AWAY OUR VICTORY AT PARIS (CONFERENCES) AFTER THE BERLIN BLOCKADE. I DON'T THINK WE CAN WIN ANYTHING THERE."

PM107PES NM

1961

60

PMS BJT (750)

BERLIN INTERPRETIVE

BY WILLIAM L. RYAN

ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS ANALYST

LONDON, NOV. 9 (AP)-QUIET DIPLOMACY--CAUTIOUS TESTING AND PROBING--IS LIFTING THE ATMOSPHERE OF DANGEROUS TENSION OVER BERLIN.

THIS CAN BUY TIME, PERHAPS EVEN LEAD TO A PERIOD OF RELATIVE RELAXATION. BUT IT CAN ALSO CAUSE SERIOUS DIFFICULTIES IN THE WESTERN ALLIED CAMP.

THESE ARE AMONG THE STRONG IMPRESSIONS THE OBSERVER GETS AFTER WATCHING THE WORLD'S CENTRAL CRISIS FROM THE VANTAGE POINTS OF WEST BERLIN, PARIS, THE WEST GERMAN CAPITAL AT BONN AND HERE IN LONDON.

THERE IS A FEELING IN BRITAIN THAT THE GOAL OF A SOLID UNITED POLICY AMONG THE FRENCH, THE WEST GERMANS, THE BRITISH AND THE AMERICANS IS BECOMING DAILY MORE DIFFICULT.

THE INITIATIVE FOR THE TESTING AND PROBING SEEMS TO BE IN THE HANDS OF THE BRITISH AND AMERICANS, SEEING MORE OR LESS EYE TO EYE ON THE HANDLING OF THE BERLIN SITUATION, WHICH ONLY RECENTLY BROUGHT A FRIGHTENING CONFRONTATION OF SOVIET AND AMERICAN TANKS ACROSS THE SECTOR BORDER OF BERLIN.

EXPLORATION IS GOING ON IN EFFORTS TO FIND OUT WHETHER THERE IS ANYTHING IN THE BERLIN AND GERMAN SITUATIONS ABOUT WHICH THE WEST CAN TALK

WITH THE KREMLIN.

THERE IS LITTLE CHANCE OF A HIGH-LEVEL MEETING--OF FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE WEST AND THE SOVIET UNION, FOR EXAMPLE--UNLESS AND UNTIL SOMETHING EMERGES FROM THESE EXPLORATIONS WHICH CAN PROVIDE A REASONABLE PROSPECT OF AGREEMENT.

THERE IS PRACTICALLY NO CHANCE AT ALL OF AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETING IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

A NEW SUMMIT FAILURE WOULD BE CONSIDERED DISASTROUS IN EUROPE. THE GOVERNMENT HEADS WILL MEET ONLY IF THE WESTERN POWERS ARE CERTAIN IN ADVANCE THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE READY TO AGREE TO SOMETHING.

WHILE THE PROBING AND COUNTER-PROBING GOES ON BETWEEN MOSCOW AND WASHINGTON AND MOSCOW AND LONDON, THE WEST'S PROBLEMS SEEM TO BE GROWING.

FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE REMAINS STONILY OPPOSED TO ANY NEGOTIATIONS AT ALL REGARDING WEST BERLIN. HE APPEARS TO CONTEND THERE IS NOTHING TO NEGOTIATE, THAT THE WEST HAS NOTHING IT CAN CONCEDE, AND THAT NEGOTIATING WOULD BE A SIGN OF WESTERN WEAKNESS AND RETREAT.

IN BONN, AGED KONRAD ADENAUER HAS WON HIS BATTLE FOR RE-ELECTION AS CHANCELLOR, BUT HIS POSITION OBVIOUSLY IS WEAKENED. SOME WELL INFORMED QUARTERS FEEL IT WILL BE DIFFICULT TO BRING THE PRESENT WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT AROUND TO THE IDEA OF A FLEXIBLE APPROACH TO THE SOVIET UNION. TO MANY WEST GERMANS THE WORD FLEXIBLE MEANS FLEXIBILITY AT GERMAN EXPENSE.

WEST GERMAN SUSPICIONS MAY BE INCREASED BY SOME OF THE POSSIBILITIES NOW APPARENTLY BEING DISCUSSED.

AN INTERESTED AUDIENCE SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN CREATED FOR PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S PROPOSAL THAT CERTAIN UNITED NATIONS AGENCIES BE SHIFTED TO WEST BERLIN AS A TOKEN OF GUARANTEE THAT ITS FREEDOM IS PROTECTED BY THE 103-NATION ORGANIZATION.

SOME SOURCES SEE PROSPECTIVE BENEFITS IN THIS: PERHAPS GUARANTEED AND EVEN EXPANDED LAND CORRIDORS THROUGH COMMUNIST-RULED EAST GERMANY, GUARANTEES OF ALL MEANS OF ACCESS, AND REMOVAL OF THE MOST CRITICAL POINT OF INTERNATIONAL TENSION IN THE WORLD TODAY.

THIS, HOWEVER, WOULD REQUIRE THAT THE WEST NO LONGER INSIST THAT WEST BERLIN IS IN FACT A PART OF FEDERAL WEST GERMANY. IT WOULD LOOK TO WEST GERMANS LIKE A SURRENDER OF THEIR INTERESTS.

PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAS EXPRESSED HOPE THAT THE BONN GOVERNMENT WILL TAKE A MORE VIGOROUS PART IN MAKING WESTERN POLICY FOR THE APPROACH TO MOSCOW. BUT THE NEW BONN REGIME IS NOT GENERALLY REGARDED IN LONDON AS LIKELY TO BE ABLE TO DO THAT EFFECTIVELY. THERE MAY BE EVEN MORE RESISTANCE, IT IS FELT, TO ANY CONCESSIONS REGARDING RECOGNITION OF THE IMMUTABLE DIVISION OF GERMANY.

DE GAULLE WILL VISIT LONDON LATER THIS MONTH AND ADENAUER WILL GO TO WASHINGTON. BOTH MEN WILL HAVE TOUCHY MATTERS TO DISCUSS REGARDING BERLIN AND GERMANY.

ALREADY THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE QUIET BACKSTAGE DIPLOMACY HAS GONE IN FEELING OUT THE RUSSIANS MAY HAVE ALARMED DE GAULLE AND SOME IN THE NEW WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT WHO HAVE EXHIBITED A FAIRLY INFLEXIBLE ATTITUDE TOWARD CONCESSIONS TO THE EAST.

IF THE SOVIET AIM EVENTUALLY IS TO NEUTRALIZE WEST GERMANY AND GET HER VAST ECONOMIC AND MILITARY POTENTIAL OUT OF THE NATO ALLIANCE, A CLEAVAGE AMONG THE FOUR WESTERN ALLIES OVER HOW TO AVERT THE THREAT OF WAR WOULD BE CONSIDERED BY MOSCOW TO BE SO MUCH TO THE GOOD.

THE BRITISH SEEM TO AGREE IN GENERAL WITH THE FRENCH THAT THE RUSSIANS PROBABLY WILL NOT START A NUCLEAR WAR OVER BERLIN. BUT THEY EMPHASIZE THE WORD PROBABLY. AND IT IS THIS ELEMENT OF CHANCE, HOWEVER SLIGHT, THAT THE ASSESSMENT MIGHT BE WRONG WHICH SEEMS TO MAKE THE BRITISH HESITATE TO BRING ABOUT A STATE OF AFFAIRS IN A BERLIN DEADLOCK WHICH COULD LEAD TO THE BIG EXPLOSION.

A44UN HL550AES

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR (400)

BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 9 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN TODAY OPPOSED AN AFRICAN PROPOSAL THAT THE UNITED NATIONS DECLARE AFRICA A DENUCLEARIZED NEUTRAL ZONE.

DESPITE WESTERN OPPOSITION THE U.N.'S MAIN POLITICAL COMMITTEE APPEARED CERTAIN TO APPROVE BOTH THE AFRICAN PROPOSAL AND AN ASIAN-AFRICAN MOVE TO SOUND OUT U.N. MEMBERS ON CALLING AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE TO BAN USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS FOR WAR.

BOTH HAVE STRONG ASIAN-AFRICAN AND COMPLETE SOVIET BLOC SUPPORT.

SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT, THE BRITISH DELEGATE, TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT EVEN SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HAD DECLARED MERE DECLARATIONS AGAINST USE OF NUCLEAR BOMBS WERE INSUFFICIENT, AND THAT THE BEST SOLUTION WAS THROUGH AGREEMENT ON DISARMAMENT.

WRIGHT SAID IN THE PRESENT ATMOSPHERE OF EAST-WEST SUSPICION AND MISTRUST "WE SHOULD BE DECEIVING OURSELVES IF WE BELIEVED THAT AN UNCONTROLLED PROHIBITION WOULD BE OF ANY SECURITY TO ANYONE."

AS TO THE PROPOSAL TO DECLARE AFRICA A ZONE FREE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, WRIGHT SAID HE BELIEVED IT WOULD BE IMPROPER FOR THE UNITED NATIONS TO TAKE SUCH ACTION EITHER IN AFRICA OR ANY OTHER AREA.

HE SAID EACH AFRICAN COUNTRY SHOULD HAVE THE RIGHT TO DECIDE ITS OWN FOREIGN POLICY.

"I NEED ONLY REPEAT OUR BELIEF," HE SAID, "THAT THE SOLE WAY OF DEALING WITH THIS PROBLEM--NOW THAT THE VOLUNTARY MORATORIUM HAS BEEN SHOWN TO BE A TROJAN HORSE--IS THE CONCLUSION OF AN AGREEMENT STOPPING TESTS UNDER EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL CONTROL."

ARTHUR DEAN, THE U.S. DELEGATE, EXPRESSED SYMPATHY WITH THE MOTIVES WHICH LED THE AFRICAN NATIONS TO SUBMIT THEIR PROPOAL. BUT HE VOICED THE BELIEF THAT ONLY A GLOBAL APPROACH TO DISARMAMENT WOULD REALLY SOLVE THE PROBLEM.

"WE ARE CONCERNED THAT THIS PARTICULAR RESOLUTION, HOWEVER NOBLE ITS MOTIVE, MAY INTERFERE WITH THE OVER-ALL PLAN OF DISARMAMENT," HE DECLARED.

EDUARD MEZINCESCU OF ROMANIA, REPRESENTING THE SOVIET BLOC, SAID WESTERN OPPOSITION REFLECTED UNWILLINGNESS OF NATO POWERS TO accept MEASURES THAT WOULD DECREASE EAST-WEST TENSION.

MISO PAVICEVIC, THE YUGOSLAV DELEGATE, SAID THE COLD WAR WOULD BE EXCLUDED FROM AFRICA IF IT IS DECLARED A DENUCLEARIZED ZONE.

ITALY SOUGHT TO BROADEN THE ASIAN-AFRICAN RESOLUTION BY SUBMITTING AN AMENDMENT WHICH WOULD HAVE THE UNITED NATIONS DECLARE THAT THE THREAT OR USE OF ARMED FORCE, INCLUDING NUCLEAR WEAPONS, IS A VIOLATION OF U.N. PRINCIPLES.

THE AMENDMENT IS AIMED AT PREVENTING AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE FROM SIGNING A TREATY THAT WOULD CALL FOR PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS WITHOUT CONSIDERING CONTROLS.

ITALY PROPOSED THAT THE CONFERENCE BE DEVOTED TO THE SPECIFIC MEANS OF PROHIBITING USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS--WHICH IN THE WESTERN VIEWPOINT CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED BY AGREEMENT ON FOOL-PROOF INSPECTION MACHINERY.

A91WX R337PES NM

SOVIET SUPERBOMB

WASHINGTON, NOV. 9 (AP)-THE SOVIET SUPERBOMB DETONATED OCT. 30 HAD A POWER OF 55 TO 60 MEGATONS IN THE OPINION OF U. S. SCIENTISTS.

THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION GAVE THIS ESTIMATE OF THE BLAST IN RESPONSE TO AN INQIRY TODAY. THE ESTIMATE OF THE PROBABLE YIELD IS BASED ON ANALYSIS OF AVAILABLE DATA.

SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, WHO HAD ANNOUNCED IN ADVANCE THAT A 50-MEGATON DEVICE WOULD BE EXPLODED, HAS SAID THAT IT WAS SOMEWHAT BIGGER THAN ANTICIPATED.

A MEGATON IS THE EQUIVALENT IN ENERGY RELEASE TO THE EXPLOSION OF A MILLION TONS OF TNT.

A88 (AGENCIES) EG654PES

(160)

NEW YORK, NOV. 9 (AP)-JAMES WADSWORTH--THE MAN WHO REPRESENTED THIS COUNTRY AT THE GENEVA TEST-BANK TALKS--SAYS THE UNITED STATES SHOULD NOT RESUME ATMOSPHERIC NUCLEAR TESTS.

WADSWORTH, FORMER U.S. AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED NATIONS, MADE HIS VIEWS KNOWN IN A GUEST EDITORIAL IN THE NOV. 18 ISSUE OF SATURDAY

REVIEW.

THIS COUNTRY'S EXISTING STOCKPILE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, HE SAID, IS "MORE THAN ADEQUATE FROM THE STANDPOINT OF WHAT THE WEAPONS WERE ORIGINALLY INTENDED FOR; NAMELY, EITHER MASSIVE RETALIATION OR AGAINST AN AGGRESSOR OR LIMITED BATTLEFIELD USE."

THE TECHNOLOGY OF DELIVERY, WROTE WADSWORTH, IS "IN MUCH BETTER SHAPE THAN WE EVER DREAMED IT WAS GOING TO BE AS RECENTLY AS A YEAR AGO."

HE ADDED:

"WE HAVE CHARGED, WITH JUSTIFICATION, THAT THE SOVIET RESUMPTION OF TESTING HAS BROUGHT TERROR TO THE WORLD. WE MUST RECOGNIZE THAT IF THE UNITED STATES ALSO BEGINS ATMOSPHERIC TESTING IT WILL BRING DESPAIR TO THE WORLD.

"WITHIN OUR COUNTRY AND THROUGHOUT ALL NATIONS MEN WILL BE FORCED TO CONCLUDE THAT, IN REALITY, PRIMITIVE MILITARY AND POLITICAL CONSIDERATIONS ARE OUR TRUE GUIDES, REGARDLESS OF OUR PROTESTS THAT A MORE LOFTY IDEOLOGY INSPIRES US TO CHAMPION THE CAUSE OF PEACE."

SM648PES

A131

(110)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 9 (AP)-LINUS PAULING, NOBEL PRIZE-WINNING CHEMIST, SAID TODAY HE AND HIS WIFE HAD GOT 57,630 SIGNATURES FROM AROUND THE WORLD SINCE EARLY THIS YEAR ON AN APPEAL TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND GOVERNMENTS TO STOP THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

THE TWO SPOKE WITH A REPORTER AFTER PRESENTING THE LATEST BATCH TO T.G. NARAYANAN OF INDIA, THE U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL'S PERSONAL ASSISTANT ON DISARMAMENT QUESTIONS.

PAULING, WHO LIVES IN PASADENA, CALIF., SAID THE NEW SIGNATURES NUMBERED 24,397 AND INCLUDED SEVERAL FROM THE SOVIET UNION, AMONG THEM THAT OF NOVELIST ILYA EHRENBURG. HE SAID HE WAS NOT SURE WHETHER THESE HAD COME IN SINCE THE SOVIET UNION RESUMED NUCLEAR TESTING SEPT. 1.

HE SAID HE AND HIS WIFE PRESENTED THE FIRST TWO GROUPS OF SIGNED PETITIONS HERE FEB. 16 AND APRIL 20.

AF942PES

A118CX (ATOMIC)

V250)

ATOMIC CONFERENCE (NIGHT LEAD TO REGIONALS)

BY ROBERT GOLDENSTEIN
ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE WRITER

CHICAGO, NOV. 9 (AP)-A PANEL OF GOVERNMENT AND CIVILIAN RADIATION EXPERTS ESTIMATED TODAY THAT THE RECENT RUSSIAN NUCLEAR TESTS WILL CAUSE RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT ON THE UNITED STATES NEXT SPRING 2 1/2 TIMES AS POTENT AS IN ANY PREVIOUS YEAR.

THEY SAID THE ADDITIONAL AMOUNT OF STRONTIUM 90, A RADIOACTIVE CHEMICAL THAT IS ATTRACTED TO BONE AND CAN CAUSE CANCER AND LEUKEMIA, WILL AMOUNT TO THREE-FOURTHS AS MUCH AS HAS FALLEN FROM ALL NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS IN HISTORY.

BUT THEY AGREED THAT THE ADDITIONAL RADIOACTIVITY WILL NOT ADD MUCH TO THE NATURAL BACKGROUND RADIATION PRESENT AT ALL TIMES AND WILL NOT POSE SOME DEGREE OF DANGER TO ALL PERSONS.

THE PRINCIPAL THREAT, THEY BELIEVE, WILL BE TO PERSONS ALREADY BORDERING ON DEVELOPING LEUKEMIA, A CANCER-LIKE BLOOD CONDITION. IT COULD BE THE FINAL RADIOACTIVE STRAW THAT BREAKS THE BACK OF THEIR RESISTANCE TO THE DISEASE.

THE PANEL MEMBERS DISCUSSED RADIOACTIVITY IN THE ATMOSPHERE AT A JOINT MEETING OF THE AMERICAN NUCLEAR SOCIETY AND THE ATOMIC INDUSTRIAL FORUM AND LATER AT A NEWS CONFERENCE.

THEY ARE J.Z. HOLLAND, CHIEF OF THE FALLOUT STUDIES BRANCH, U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION; MAJ. ALBERT K. STEBBINS III, DEFENSE ATOMIC SUPPORT AGENCY, U.S. AIR FORCE; J.G. TERRILL, ASSISTANT CHIEF OF THE DIVISION OF RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH, U.S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE, AND P.W. KREY, MANAGER OF THE ANALYTICAL DIVISION OF ISOTOPES INC., A FIRM DOING RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ON STRATOSPHERIC AIR SAMPLING AND MEASURING.

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30.24-2207

THE FALLOUT ESTIMATES ARE BASED ON STUDIES OF PREVIOUS NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS. HOWEVER, THE PANELISTS SAID, THE 30- AND 50-PLUS MEGATON BOMBS EXPLODED COULD HAVE TOSSED THEIR DEBRIS FARTHER INTO SPACE AND SOME OF NEXT YEAR'S EXPECTED FALLOUT MAY NOT REACH EARTH UNTIL SUBSEQUENT YEARS.

TERRILL SAID THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE HAS ITS AIR MONITORING SERVICE ON 24-HOUR ALERT AND WILL TAKE PREVENTIVE MEASURES IF THEY ARE INDICATED.

SO FAR, THE PHS HAS SUGGESTED ONLY THAT HOUSEWIVES WASH FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES. BUT IT HAS RECEIVED A RASH OF SUGGESTIONS FOR PREVENTIVE STEPS.

A GROUP OF ST. LOUIS PHYSICIANS HAS SUGGESTED THAT THE PHS WORK OUT A SYSTEM WHERE EXTRA POTASSIUM IODIDE COULD BE ADDED TO COMMERCIAL TABLE SALT OR TO MILK SUPPLIES TO PROTECT INFANTS FROM THE TRACES OF RADIOACTIVE IODINE THAT TURNED UP IN MILK FOLLOWING THE BOMB BURSTS.

THE ASSUMPTION IS THAT THE THYROID GLAND WOULD ABSORB ALL THE HARMLESS POTASSIUM IODIDE IT REQUIRED AND REJECT THE RADIOACTIVE VARIETY.

TERRILL SAID NUMEROUS PREVENTIVE STEPS ARE UNDER CONSIDERATION FOR POSSIBLE USE SHOULD THE NEED ARISE.

MILK SUPPLIES IN SOME CITIES REACHED AN UNDESIRABLY HIGH LEVEL OF RADIOACTIVITY AFTER THE BOMB TESTS. HOWEVER, CONTAMINATION FROM RADIOACTIVE IODINE DIES OFF RAPIDLY AND THAT THREAT IS BELIEVED TO HAVE PASSED THE PRESENT.

STRONTIUM 90 IS THE MAJOR THREAT FROM THE MAN-MADE RADIOACTIVITY NOW IN THE STRATOSPHERE AND MESOSPHERE ABOVE. IT RETAINS ITS RADIOACTIVITY FOR MANY YEARS.

THIS SUBSTANCE EVENTUALLY DROPS BACK TO THE EARTH AND CREATES "HOT SPOTS" WHEN IT IS WASHED OUT OF THE ATMOSPHERE BY RAIN. IF THE "HOT" RAIN FALLS ON LAND THAT PRODUCES PASTURES OR CROPS THE RADIOACTIVITY CAN ULTIMATELY REACH MAN THROUGH FOOD OR MILK.

THE BULK OF THE FALLOUT IS EXPECTED TO BE ON THE NORTHERN HEMISPHERE.

FRF05PCS

OSLO, NORWAY, OCT. 9 (AP)-ALL SEVEN LIVING WINNERS OF THE NOBEL PEACE PRIZE AND THE FIVE MEMBERS OF THE NOBEL PEACE PRIZE COMMITTEE OF THE NORWEGIAN PARLIAMENT TODAY PUBLISHED A DECLARATION OF PEACE.

"THE PEACE OF THE WORLD IS SERIOUSLY THREATENED. IN THIS SITUATION OF GRAVE DANGER WE IMPLORE THE STATESMEN OF ALL COUNTRIES TO SHOW MODERATION IN ORDER THAT A CATASTROPHE MAY BE AVOIDED. WE BEG YOU TO REMEMBER THE RESPONSIBILITY THAT YOU BEAR TOWARD THE ENTIRE HUMAN RACE AND URGE YOU MOSTVEHEMENTLY TO EXERCISE RESTRAINT AND MUTUAL FORBEARANCE," SAID THE STATEMENT, ADDRESSED TO LEADERS OF THE WORLD.

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IT IS SIGNED BY SIR NORMAN ANGELL, LORD BOYD ORR, RALPH J. BUNCHE, PHILIP NOEL-BAKER, LESTER B. PEARSON, THE REV. MR. DOMINIQUE GEORGES

PIRE, ALBERT SCHVEITZER AND COMMITTEE MEMBERS C.J. HAMBRO, GUNNAR JAHN, AASE LIONAES, G. MATVIG-PEDERSEN AND MARTIN TRANMAEL.

RK1130AED

A157

(NYC OUT)

(320)

NEW YORK, NOV. 9 (AP)-ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-THREE PROFESSORS OF FIVE UNIVERSITIES IN THE BOSTON AREA URGED TONIGHT THAT MONEY AND EFFORT BE USED IN "A POSITIVE PROGRAM FOR PEACE RATHER THAN TO BUILD FALLOUT SHELTERS.

IN AN ADVERTISEMENT IN THE NEW YORK TIMES ENTITLED "AN OPEN LETTER TO PRESIDENT KENNEDY," THE PROFESSORS WROTE:

"IT APPEARS TO US THAT THE PRODIGIOUS ENERGY OF OUR PEOPLE IS BEING CHANNELED INTO WRONG DIRECTIONS FOR WRONG REASONS AND THAT CONTINUATION OF THIS TREND MAY BE EXTREMELY DANGEROUS TO THE NATION AND TO CIVILIZATION ITSELF."

THE SIGNERS OF THE LETTER, MEMBERS OF THE FACULTIES OF BOSTON UNIVERSITY, BRANDEIS, HARVARD, MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND TUFTS UNIVERSITY, CONTRIBUTED THE ADVERTISEMENT'S $2,160 COST. MOST OF THE PROFESSORS ARE ON SCIENCE FACULTIES.

THE LETTER GAVE SOME OF THE PROS AND CONS OF THE SHELTER PROGRAM AND CONCLUDED:

"TO SUM UP, WE BELIEVE THAT ALTHOUGH THE PRESENT CIVIL DEFENSE PROGRAM, AND IN PARTICULAR THE CONSTRUCTION OF FALLOUT SHELTERS, MIGHT SAVE A SMALL FRACTION OF THE POPULATION IN A NUCLEAR WAR, THIS POTENTIAL GAIN IS MORE THAN OFFSET BY THE FACT THAT SUCH ACTIVITY PREPARES THE PEOPLE FOR THE ACCEPTANCE OF THERMONUCLEAR WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY.

"WE BELIEVE THAT THIS ACCEPTANCE WOULD SUBSTANTIALLY INCREASE THE LIKELIHOOD OF WAR--A WAR WHICH WOULD BE PERMANENTLY FATAL TO OUR DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY, EVEN IF NOT TO ALL OF US.

"THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ARE CAPABLE OF GREAT EFFORT AND SACRIFICE. WE BELIEVE THIS EFFORT SHOULD BE DIRECTED TOWARD A POSITIVE PROGRAM FOR PEACE WITH FREEDOM. THIS IS BOUND TO BE AT LEAST AS DIFFICULT AND TIME CONSUMING AS ANY PREPARATION FOR WAR AND WILL REQUIRE THE HIGHEST TYPE OF LEADERSHIP FOR SUCCESS.

"AT THE PRESENT TIME THE NATION IS NOT READY TO CONSIDER SUCH A PROGRAM, LARGELY BECAUSE OF WIDESPREAD LACK OF UNDERSTANDING OF JUST HOW CATASTROPHIC WAR TODAY WOULD BE.

"WE CALL UPON YOU, MR. PRESIDENT, TO MAKE THIS PLAIN AND THEN TO LEAD THE NATION FORWARD ON A RACE TOWARD PEACE."

THE LETTER WAS SIGNED BY THE "CIVIL DEFENSE LETTER COMMITTEE, P.O. BOX 21, BELMONT, MASS."

PROF. WILLIAM SCHREIBER OF MIT SAID THE IDEA FOR THE LETTER DEVELOPED OUT OF A MEETING OF A FEW FRIENDS LAST WEEK. THEY DRAFTED THE LETTER AND SENT IT AROUND TO OTHER FACULTY MEMBERS.

"WE HAVE NO FORMAL ORGANIZATION," SCHREIBER SAID, "BUT WE HAVE RENTED A POST OFFICE BOX AND WILL BE GLAD TO HEAR FROM ANYONE WHO WANTS TO WRITE US."

AF1121PES

A123

NIGHT LEAD ATOMIC SHIP (260)

BY LEE LINDER

CAMDEN, N.J., NOV. 9 (AP)-FOR THE FIRST TIME IN AMERICA'S ATOMIC AGE THE VEIL OF MYSTERY WAS LIFTED OVER HOW A NUCLEAR POWER-PRODUCING REACTOR IS LOADED WITH URANIUM FUEL.

THE DEMONSTRATION TOOK PLACE TODAY AT THE NEW YORK SHIPBUILDING CORP. YARDS WHERE THE NS (FOR NUCLEAR SHIP) SAVANNAH IS TIED UP, ALMOST READY TO GO TO SEA.

TECHNICIANS, FOR THE BENEFIT OF NEWSMEN AND PHOTOGRAPHERS--AND ALSO TO SHARPEN THEIR KNOW-HOW FOR THE REAL FUELING--PRACTICED LOADING DUMMY NUCLEAR MATERIAL INTO THE PRESSURIZED WATER REACTOR THAT WILL MAKE THE SAVANNAH GO.

SOME TIME BEFORE THE END OF NEXT WEEK 32 SHINY BUNDLES OF STAINLESS STEEL RODS PACKED WITH URANIUM OXIDE PELLETS--EACH PACKAGE ABOUT 6 FEET LONG, CONTAINING 164 RODS AND WEIGHING ABOUT 700 POUNDS--WILL BE LOWERED GENTLY INTO THE CEMENT-LEAD-AND-PLASTIC ENCLOSED, IGLOO-SHAPED REACTOR THAT IS IMBEDDED IN DEAD CENTER OF THE 594-FOOT, 22,000-TON SHIP.

CAPT. GASTON R. DEGROOTE (CAPS D, G), WHO WILL BE MASTER OF THE $47 MILLION VESSEL AS OPERATING AGENT FOR STATES MARINE LINES UNDER CONTRACT TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, SAID "THE SAVANNAH IS SAFER THAN ANY VESSEL AFLOAT. SHE HAS EXTRA SAFETY FEATURES, EXTRA COMPARTMENTS, WAS DELIBERATELY BUILT WITH CARE AND PRECISION."

HE SAID THE 60 PASSENGERS AND CREW OF 110 "WILL GET NO MORE RADIATION FROM THE REACTOR THAN THEY WOULD FROM THE SUN'S RAYS WHILE STROLLING THE DECK."

THE BOTTOM OF THE REACTOR LOOKS LIKE AN EGG CRATE OR GRILL, AND IN THE GROOVED SPACES WILL GO THE 32 FUEL ELEMENTS (BUNDLES OF RODS). WHEN ALL ARE IN POSITION AND THE TOP IS LOCKED, THE REACTOR WILL BE STARTED. ATOMS WILL BEGIN BOUNCING, HEATING THE PRESSURIZED WATER WHICH PRODUCES THE STEAM THAT MOVES THE TURBINES TO TURN THE PROPELLERS.

THE REACTOR IS ENCASED WITH SIX INCHES OF LEAD, A FOOTE OF PLASTIC MATERIAL AND, AROUND THE LOWER HALF, FOUR FEET OF CONCRETE.

SM912PES

G51 (266)

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, NOV. 9 (AP)-FORMER SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER VYACHESLAV M.MOLOTOV IS IN VIRTUAL SECLUSION IN HIS DOWNTOWN VIENNA APARTMENT. INFORMED SOURCES BELIEVE HE WAS TOLD TO STAY THERE UNTIL THE KREMLIN DECIDES HIS FATE.

THIS MAY TAKE SOME TIME. PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TOLD WESTERN REPORTERS RECENTLY HE SAW NO HURRY IN DEALING WITH MOLOTOV AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE ANTIPARTY GROUP.

MOLOTOV HAS BEEN SEEN OUTSIDE HIS APARTMENT ONLY ONCE IN THE PAST TWO WEEKS. HE DROVE TO THE SOVIET EMBASSY LAST FRIDAY FOR A 15-MINUTE STAY.

THE OLD BOLSHEVIK, WHO TOOK PART IN THE 1917 RUSSIAN REVOLUTION, WAS ABSENT FROM A SOVIET EMBASSY RECEPTION HERE TUESDAY MARKING THE REVOLUTION'S 44TH ANNIVERSARY.

BECAUSE OF HIS SECLUSION, RUMORS AND SPECULATION HAVE BEEN NUMEROUS. ONE REPORT SAID HE HAD BEEN SECRETLY IN MOSCOW, ANOTHER THAT HE HAS ALREADY BEEN SUSPENDED AS SOVIET DELEGATE TO THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC AGENCY IN VIENNA.

ALL THESE REPORTS HAVE BEEN DENIED OR WERE NOT BORNE OUT BY SUBSEQUENT DEVELOPMENTS.

VIENNA POLICE GUARD HIS EMBASSY-OWNED HOUSE TO MAKE SURE HE IS NOT SUBJECTED TO FOUL PLAY. BUT AUSTRIAN OFFICIALS SAY THEY DO

NOT BELIEVE ANY SUCH THING WOULD HAPPEN, NOR THAT MOLOTOV WOULD ASK FOR ASYLUM IN NEUTRAL AUSTRIA.

THEY BELIEVE MOLOTOV WILL DO WHAT THE PARTY DECIDES.

P/OR11APEs

A80

NIGHT LEAD STALIN (160)

MOSCOW, NOV. 9 (AP)-THE INDUSTRIAL CITY AND REGION OF STALINO IN THE UKRAINE WAS RENAMED DONETSK TODAY AS THE CAMPAIGN TO WIP EOUT THE MEMORY OF STALIN GATHERED MOMENTUM.

THIS WAS THE MOST IMPORTANT NAME CHANGE TAKEN SINCE PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV PUBLICLY DENOUNCED STALIN AT THE 22ND CONGRESS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY LAST WEEK. STALIN DISTRICTS HAVE BEEN RENAMED IN THE CITIES OF KIEV, SEVASTOPOL AND ALMA ALTA, PROVINCIAL NEWSPAPERS REPORTED.

THERE STILL WAS NO WORD THAT THE NAME OF THE HEROIC CITY OF STALINGRAD HAS BEEN CHANGED, ALTHOUGH ITS MAYOR SAID YESTERDAY THE PUBLIC WAS DEMANDING IT.

THE OTHER CHIEF CITY LIKELY TO BE RENAMED IS STALINABAD, THE TADZHEK CAPITAL.

THE RENAMING OF THE CITY AND REGION OF STALINO WAS DONE BY THE PRESIDIUM OF THE UKRAINIAN SUPREME SOVIET--OR PARLIAMENT--WHICH SAID IT ACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WISHES OF THE POPULATION.

THE NEW NAME WAS CHOSEN BECAUSE THE AREA IS THE CENTER OF THE INDUSTRIAL DONETS BASIN.

THE REGION NOW KNOWN AS DONETSK IS A MINING AREA OF FIVE MILLION PERSONS IN THE WESTERN PART OF THE DONETS BASIN IN THE UKRAINE. ITS CAPITAL, ALSO RENAMED DONETSK, IS THE 10TH LARGEST CITY IN THE SOVIET UNION WITH A POPULATION OF 710,000.

AF559PES

A86BX (TRAWLERS)

PRECEDE CHATHAM DAY

BY DON ROTHBERG

BOSTON, NOV. 9 (AP)-FISHING GROUNDS, BARELY 20 MILES OFF CAPE COD, ARE BEING HEAVILY FISHED THESE DAYS--BY RUSSIANS.

RUSSIAN FISHERMEN - AND AT LEAST ONE WOMAN - HAVE MOVED IN ON GEORGES BANKS WITH A FLEET OF 50 OR MORE TRAWLERS AND TWO LARGE MOTHER SHIPS.

WALTER GREEN, ASSOCIATED PRESS PHOTOGRAPHER, AND I FLEW OUT TO TAKE A LOOK AT THE RUSSIANS TODAY.

WE HAD HEARD A CAPE SKIPPER COMPLAIN THERE WERE SO MANY RUSSIAN SHIPS "THEY'RE CROWDING US OFF THE BANK." HE WASN'T EXAGGERATING.

WE FLEW ACROSS CAPE COD AND HEADED DUE EAST FROM CHATHAM. WE FIRST SIGHTED THE RUSSIANS FROM OUR SMALL TWIN ENGINE PLANE, ABOUT 10 MINUTES FROM CHATHAM. THERE WERE SCATTERED CLOUDS AND A SLIGHT HAZE, BUT CAPE COD WAS STILL BARELY VISIBLE BEHIND US.

THE FIRST RUSSIAN SHIP WE SAW WAS ONE OF THE MOTHER SHIPS, ON BOARD WHICH THE CATCHES ARE PROCESSED. IT LOOKED LIKE AN OLD GRAY-HULLED FREIGHTER. ALONG ONE SIDE A TRAWLER WAS UNLOADING ITS CATCH.

THERE SEEMED NOTHING SINISTER OR PROVOCATIVE IN THE SIGHT OF A FREIGHTER AND A FISHING BOAT BOBBING SIDE BY SIDE ON THE ATLANTIC.

THEN KEN SULLIVAN, THE PILOT, TOOK THE PLANE DOWN TO ABOUT 200 FEET FOR A CLOSER LOOK AND I COULD SEE A RED FLAG FLYING FROM THE MOTHER SHIP'S STERN. ON ITS SINGLE STACK WAS PAINTED AN ORANGE HAMMER AND SICKLE.

THESE INSIGNIA WERE THE SAME ONE SEES CARRIED IN MOSCOW PARADES. TODAY, THEY WERE FLYING ABOUT 50 MILES FROM PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S SUMMER WHITE HOUSE IN HYANNIS PORT.

WE CIRCLED THE SHIP FOUR TIMES, GOING LOWER AND CLOSER ON EACH PASS.

THE RUSSIAN CREWS STOPPED WORKING MOMENTARILY, LOOKED UP GRINNING AND WAVED AT US. ONE OF THEM, WE NOTED, WAS A WOMAN.

30.24-2209

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THERE WERE NO MILITARY UNIFORMS, OR GUNS OR TANKS, ONLY A GROUP OF FISHERMEN WHO LOOKED LIKE THEIR AMERICAN COUNTERPARTS.

BUT A FEW MILES EAST WE SAW WHAT THE CAPE FISHERMEN COMPLAINED OF SO BITTERLY.

BY TURNING MY HEAD ONLY SLIGHTLY I COULD COUNT 25 RUSSIAN TRAWLERS IN ONE GROUP. A FEW MILES BEYOND WAS ANOTHER LARGE GROUP AND IN BETWEEN WERE SMALLER GROUPS OF THREE OR FOUR TRAWLERS. THE WHOLE RUSSIAN FLEET COVERED A CIRCULAR AREA ABOUT 50 MILES IN DIAMETER.

THE RUSSIAN TRAWLERS ARE ABOUT 170 FEET LONG, FAR LARGER THAN ANY AMERICAN BOATS FISHING IN THIS AREA. MOST OF THEM APPEAR TO BE POWERFUL, FAIRLY NEW SHIPS.

THEY WORK METHODICALLY IN GROUPS OF THREE OR FOUR, COVERING EVERY INCH OF THEIR ASSIGNED AREA.

LOOKING STRAIGHT DOWN AT ONE, I SAW THE SUN REFLECTING ON ITS CATCH WHICH NEARLY FILLED THE HOLD.

BUT WHEN I LOOKED AT MANY OTHERS, I SEARCHED IN VAIN FOR ANY SIGN OF FISH OR NET LINES IN THE WATER. THEY WERE TRAWLERS NO DIFFERENT FROM THE OTHERS, BUT FROM THE AIR, AT LEAST, THERE WAS NO SIGN THEY WERE FISHING FOR FISH.

GH644PES

A73WX (SCARBECK)

(350) NIGHT LEAD SCARBECK

BY GARDNER L. BRIDGE

WASHINGTON, NOV. 9 (AP)-DESPITE AN HOUR-LONG PLEA FOR MERCY BY HIS ATTORNEY, IRVIN C. SCARBECK RECEIVED THE MAXIMUM PENALTY OF 30 YEARS IMPRISONMENT TODAY FOR REVEALING U.S. SECRETS TO RED AGENTS.

FEDERAL JUDGE LEONARD P. WALSH METED OUT 10-YEAR TERMS ON EACH OF THREE GUILTY COUNTS RETURNED BY A JURY AGAINST THE 41-YEAR-OLD FORMER U.S. EMBASSY AIDE IN WARSAW.

THE JUDGE, WHO SAID THAT MAKING AN EXAMPLE IN THIS CASE WAS A FACTOR HE HAD TO KEEP IN MIND, SPECIFIED THAT THE TERMS WERE TO BE SERVED ONE AFTER ANOTHER FOR A TOTAL OF 30 YEARS.

IF THE CONVICTION AND SENTENCE ARE UPHELD ON APPEAL, JUSTICE DEPARTMENT LAWYERS SAID SCARBECK WOULD NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR A PAROLE UNTIL HE HAD SERVED 10 YEARS, OR ONE-THIRD OF THE SENTENCE.

SCARBECK WAS CONVICTED OCT. 27, AFTER A 3 1/2-WEEK TRIAL, OF PASSING SECRET DOCUMENTS TO POLISH COMMUNIST AGENTS WHO SURPRISED HIM IN BED WITH A 23-YEAR-OLD WARSAW GIRL.

A MARRIED MAN WITH THREE CHILDREN BY HIS SECOND WIFE, SCARBECK CONTENDED DURING HIS TRIAL THAT HE SUBMITTED TO DEMANDS OF THE RED AGENTS TO SPARE HIS FAMILY AND TO PROTECT THE GIRL.

HIS WIFE, KAREN, 37, STOOD BY HIM THROUGHOUT. SHE RETURNED TO GERMANY BEFORE THE TRIAL ENDED TO BE WITH THEIR CHILDREN. INFORMED OF THE SENTENCE TODAY SHE SEEMED STUNNED. SHE TOLD A REPORTER IN DUESSELDORF:

"PLEASE FORGIVE ME, I CAN'T SAY ANYTHING NOW."

IN ADDITION TO THE PRISON TERMS, SCARBECK COULD HAVE BEEN FINED $30,000, BUT HIS LAWYER SAID HE WAS PENNILESS AND THE JUDGE DID NOT IMPOSE A FINE.

THE DEFENDANT SAID HE HAD NOTHING TO SAY, "NOTHING TO ADD," BEFORE SENTENCE WAS PRONOUNCED. HE REMAINED IMPASSIVE, WITH BOWED HEAD, AS THE JUDGE PASSED SENTENCE.

IN PLEADING FOR LENIENCY, DEFENSE ATTORNEY SAMUEL C. KLEIN SAID SCARBECK HAD BEEN PICTURED AS A SPY WHO BETRAYED HIS COUNTRY'S SECRETS FOR THE LOVE OF A MODERN MATA HARI.

ACTUALLY, THE LAWYER SAID, SCARBECK HAD TURNED OVER MATERIAL THAT WAS CLASSIFIED BUT DID NOT INVOLVE THE COUNTRY'S SECURITY, TO SHIELD HIS CLANDESTINE LOVE AFFAIR.

ONCE DISCOVERED, KLEIN SAID, SCARBECK HAD COOPERATED FULLY WITH

U.S. AUTHORITIES.

JUDGE WALSH NOTED THAT SCARBECK WAS SECOND SECRETARY IN THE U.S. EMBASSY, AND SAID:

"IN THIS YEAR, 1961, AMERICANS ARE SPREAD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD, AND TREMENDOUS TEMPTATIONS ARE OFFERED."

KLEIN ARGUED IT WOULD BE UNFAIR TO TREAT SCARBECK AS A SCAPEGOAT BECAUSE OF "INADEQUACIES OF OUR SECURITY SYSTEM."

WITH WASHINGTON -SCARBECK 467 RZ532PES

DUESSELDORF, GERMANY, NOV. 9 (AP)-MRS. KAREN SCARBECK SEEMED STUNNED TONIGHT BY NEWS THAT HER HUSBAND, FORMER FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICER IRVING C. SCARBECK, HAD BEEN SENTENCED TO 30 YEARS IMPRISONMENT.

REACHED AT THE HOME OF HER SISTER HERE, MRS. SCARBECK SAID:

"REALLY, ARE YOU SURE? I CAN'T BELIEVE THAT."

THEN, AFTER A LONG SILENCE, SHE SAID:

"WILL YOU PLEASE FORGIVE ME, I CAN'T SAY ANYTHING NOW," AND HUNG UP.

GERMAN-BORN MRS. SCARBECK IS THE MOTHER OF THREE CHILDREN AND SCARBECK'S SECOND WIFE. SHE RETURNED TO GERMANY ABOUT TWO WEEKS AGO. THROUGHOUT THE TRIAL SHE HAD STOOD BY HER HUSBAND.

AE508PES

VIENNA NOV 9 (AP)-RADIO PRAGUE TONIGHT REPORTED THE ARREST OF AN AMERICAN WOMAN AND SIX CZECHS ON ESPIONAGE CHARGES.

THE BROADCAST SAID MRS. HELENA KOZERADZKA (NO HOMETOWN GIVEN), A CZECH-BORN NATURALIZED AMERICAN, HAD BEEN "SPYING IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA UNDER THE DISGUISE OF A TRAVELLING SALESWOMAN."

IT SAID MRS. KOZERADZKA HAD BEEN "HIRED FOR THE U.S. ESPIONAGE SERVICE BY TWO AGENTS IN PATERSON, N.J. SHE CARRIED OUT SPY ASSIGNMENTS IN MILITARY AND ECONOMIC FIELDS WITH THE HELP OF THE SIX ARRESTED CZECH CITIZENS."

IN PASSAIC, N.J., THE BLIEF WAS THAT THE MRS. HELENA KOZERADZKA REFERRED TO IS MRS. HELEN KOZERADSKY (CQ) OF 231 HIGH ST., PASSAIC, WHO HAS BEEN A PRISONER OF THE CZECH GOVERNMENT SINCE MAY 28, 1960.

MRS. KOZERADSKY'S SON, MICHAEL, DISCLOSED LAST JUNE 16 THAT HIS MOTHER, WHOM HE DESCRIBED AS "VERY NAIVE POLITICALLY," WAS BEING HELD IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA AS A SPY.

ON JUNE 20 MICHAEL, 21, WROTE PRESIDENT KENNEDY SAYING, "WE KNOW OUR MOTHER WAS NOT ENGAGED IN ESPIONAGE. AS OUR PRESIDENT, WE PLEAD WITH YOU TO APPEAL TO ANTONIN NOVOTNY, PRESIDENT OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FOR HER RELEASE."

MRS. KOZERADSKY, 51, LEFT THIS COUNTRY FOR HER NATIVE CZECHOSLOVAKIA IN APRIL 1960. SHE WENT ABROAD AS A REPRESENTATIVE OF A NEW YORK IMPORT AND EXPORT FIRM.

WITH THE EXCEPTION OF A FEW POST CARDS RECEIVED SHORTLY AFTER HER ARRIVAL IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA, HER FAMILY HAD NO DIRECT WORD OF HER UNTIL THE STATE DEPARTMENT INFORMED THEM JUNE 17 OF HER IMPRISONMENT.

THE DEPARTMENT SAID THAT MRS. KOZERADSKY HAD BEEN ARRESTED, TRIED AND CONVICTED FOR ESPIONAGE.

THE DEPARTMENT ALSO SAID THAT AN AMERICAN EMBASSY OFFICIAL WAS PERMITTED TO SPEAK WITH MRS. KOZERADSKY AND THAT DURING THE INTERVIEW SHE ADMITTED SHE WAS GUILTY.

THE FAMILY INSISTED THAT SHE MUST HAVE BEEN FORCED TO PLEAD GUILTY "UNDER EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES."

BESIDES MICHAEL, THE FAMILY INCLUDES MRS. KOZERADSKY'S HUSBAND, JOHN SR., SON JOHN JR., 19, AND DAUGHTER HELEN, 12, ALL OF THE HIGH STREET ADDRESS.

THE FAMILY COULD NOT BE REACHED FOR COMMENT TONIGHT.

328 Q JB930PES

-ALL POINTS-

(250)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 9 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY OPPOSED AN ATTEMPT TO GET RED CHINA AND OTHER COMMUNIST NONMEMBER AREAS INTO A U.N. CONFERENCE.

IN THE LEGAL COMMITTEE, CEYLON, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, GUINEA, INDIA, INDONESIA AND POLAND ARE SPONSORING A RESOLUTION CALLING FOR AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE IN 1963 TO ESTABLISH A WORLD TREATY ON CONSULAR CODES OF CONDUCT AND IMMUNITIES.

THEY INSIST THAT ALL COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD--INCLUDING RED CHINA, NORTH VIET NAM, NORTH KOREA AND EAST GERMANY--SHOULD TAKE PART.

A RIVAL RESOLUTION COSPONSORED BY THE UNITED STATES WOULD RESTRICT THE CONFERENCE MAINLY TO U.N. MEMBERS AND SWITZERLAND, A NONMEMBER THAT ADHERES TO THE WORLD COURT STATUTE.

STEPHEN M. SCHWEBEL, A U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT LEGAL ADVISER, CHALLENGED THE ARGUMENT OF A GHANA DELEGATE THAT THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL SET AN "ALL STATES" PRECEDENT BY RESOLUTIONS CALLING ON ALL COUNTRIES TO REFRAIN FROM INTERFERENCE IN THE CONGO.

SCHWEBEL SAID A U.N. REQUEST TO COUNTRIES TO REFRAIN FROM DOING SOMETHING WAS NOT THE SAME AS AN INVITATION TO DO SOMETHING.

CONSTANTIN STAVROPOULOS, THE U.N.'S CHIEF LEGAL OFFICIAL, TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT THE U.N. SECRETARIAT STRONGLY OPPOSED THE "ALL STATES" RESOLUTION.

A SIMILAR ISSUE AROSE IN THE ECONOMIC COMMITTEE, WHERE A GROUP OF COUNTRIES, LED BY TUNISIA, IS SEEKING TO GET A WORLD TRADE CONFERENCE CALLED. THIS ALSO CALLS FOR AN INVITATION TO ALL COUNTRIES ALTHOUGH RED CHINA AND OTHER DISPUTED COMMUNIST AREAS WERE NOT MENTIONED IN DEBATE. THE UNITED STATES OPPOSED THE IDEA OF SUCH A CONFERENCE.

VOTES ON THE PROPOSALS ARE EXPECTED NEXT WEEK. THERE IS NO CLEAR INDICATION WHICH SIDE WILL SUCCEED IN EITHER COMMITTEE.

JG340PES

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 9 (AP)-DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER JIRI NOSEK OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA WAS REPORTED TODAY TO BE EASTERN EUROPE'S CANDIDATE FOR PRINCIPAL ADVISER TO ACTING U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL U THANT OF BURMA.

S-82

DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID THEY EXPECTED HE WOULD BECOME ONE OF SEVEN SUCH ADVISERS EVEN THOUGH THE WESTERN EUROPEAN GROUP AT ONE TIME OPPOSED HAVING AN EASTERN EUROPEAN AMONG THE ADVISERS.

THEY SAID THE EASTERN EUROPEAN GROUP OF NINE COMMUNIST DELEGATIONS CHOSE NOSEK LAST FRIDAY, THE DAY THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY UNANIMOUSLY ELECTED U THANT TO SUCCEED THE LATE DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

U THANT TOLD THE ASSEMBLY HE WOULD INVITE A LIMITED NUMBER OF UNDER SECRETARIES, CHOSEN ON AS WIDE A GEOGRAPHICAL BASIS AS POSSIBLE, TO BE HIS PRINCIPAL ADVISERS ON IMPORTANT QUESTIONS.

1961

NB751PES

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 9 (AP)-SIXTEEN OF THE 76 PERSONS APPOINTED TO PROFESSIONAL POSTS IN THE U.N. SECRETARIAT IN AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER ARE FROM COMMUNIST COUNTRIES, A PERSONNEL CIRCULAR SHOWED TODAY.

S-64

THAT PROPORTION--A RATIO OF ONE IN FIVE--COMPARED WITH FOUR APPOINTMENTS FROM COMMUNIST COUNTRIES OUT OF A TOTAL OF 36 FOR JUNE AND JULY--A RATIO OF ONE IN NINE. THOSE FOUR WERE ALL SOVIET CITIZENS.

ELEVEN OF THE 16 NAMED FROM COMMUNIST COUNTRIES IN AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER ARE SOVIET CITIZENS, THE OTHERS BEING FROM BULGARIA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, HUNGARY, POLAND AND WHITE RUSSIA.

THE HEAVY EMPHASIS ON RUSSIANS REFLECTED THE LATE SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD'S SUSTAINED EFFORT TO BRING THE SOVIET UNION UP TO ITS QUOTA OF U.N. PROFESSIONAL POSTS IN THE HIGHER LEVELS. AT THE END OF AUGUST THAT COUNTRY STILL HAD ONLY 59 SUCH POSTS OF THE 1,382 SUBJECT TO QUOTA--ALTHOUGH IT IS ENTITLED TO BETWEEN 144 AND 192.

AMONG THE NEW RUSSIAN APPOINTEES ARE TWO POLITICAL AFFAIRS OFFICERS, A CHIEF OF THE RUSSIAN TRANSLATION SECTION, A CHIEF OF THE TRUSTEE-

30.24-2211

SHIP AGREEMENTS SECTION, A LEGAL OFFICER AND TWO INFORMATION OFFICERS. POLAND ALSO PLACED A POLITICAL AFFAIRS OFFICER AND BULGARIA AND HUNGARY EACH AN ASSOCIATE ECONOMIC AFFAIRS OFFICER.

1961

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B51 Q

ROME, NOV. 9 (AP)-THE FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION TODAY VOTED IN 16 NEW MEMBER NATIONS AND 4 ASSOCIATED TERRITORIES TO GIVE FAO A MEMBERSHIP OF 99 COUNTRIES AND 5 ASSOCIATES.

NEW STATES ADMITTED IN FORMAL CEREMONIES TODAY WERE ROMANIA, KUWAIT, CONGO (BRAZZAVILLE), CONGO (LEOPOLDVILLE), DAHOMEY, CENTRAL AFRICA REPUBLIC, IVORY COAST, MAURITANIA, NIGER, SIERRA LEONE AND UPPER VOLTA. FIVE PREVIOUSLY ASSOCIATED STATES BECAME FULL MEMBERS. THEY WERE CHAD, GABON, MADAGASCAR, MALI AND SENEGAL. THE FOUR TERRITORIES WHICH HAVE NOT YET ACHIEVED FULL INDEPENDENCE AND ACCEPTED FOR MEMBERSHIP WERE BRITISH GUIANA, MAURITIUS, TANGANYIKA AND JAMAICA.

WD935AES

(400)

LOS ANGELES, NOV. 9 (AP)-THE ORGANIZER OF A NATIONWIDE GUERRILLA FORCE CALLED THE MINUTEMEN SAID TODAY THE ORGANIZATION HAS 25,000 ARMED MEMBERS PREPARED TO DEFEND THEMSELVES AND OTHERS IF THE UNITED STATES IS ATTACKED.

ROBERT B. DEPUGH (CAPS D, P) OF NORBORNE, MO., PRESIDENT OF A PHARMACEUTICAL FIRM, ALSO TOLD NEWSMEN HE IS A MEMBER OF THE MILITANTLY CONSERVATIVE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY.

A SMALL PERCENTAGE OF MINUTEMEN PROBABLY BELONG TO THE SOCIETY HE SAID, BUT ADDED THE MINUTEMEN ARE NOT A MILITARY WING OF THE BIRCH ORGANIZATION.

MEMBERS HAVE THREE GUNS EACH ON THE AVERAGE, HE SAID, AND THE GROUP IS DISTRIBUTED EVENLY THROUGHOUT THE NATION. INDIVIDUAL UNITS HAVE FOOD AND MEDICAL SUPPLIES STASHED AWAY IN MOUNTAINS AND OTHER REMOTE AREAS.

THE ORGANIZATION IS NECESSARY BECAUSE THE NATION'S ARMED FORCES MIGHT BE TOO FULLY OCCUPIED IN TIME OF WAR TO PROTECT ALL THE POPULATION AND PREVENT SABOTAGE, HE SAID, ADDING:

"WHAT WE'RE TRYING TO DO, IS ENCOURAGE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE TO MAINTAIN A POSITION OF STRONG NATIONAL DEFENSE AT THE GRASSROOTS LEVEL. THERE ARE NOW IN THE HANDS OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE MORE THAN 40 MILLION WEAPONS.

1961

"WE DON'T THINK ANYBODY COULD OCCUPY THIS COUNTRY IF EVERYBODY WAS ARMED."

DEPUGH ALSO SAID:

HE IS "NOT TRYING TO BUILD A PRIVATE ARMY" AND THE MINUTEMEN WOULD NOT USURP POLICE POWERS.

NAMES OF MINUTEMEN ARE KEPT SECRET BECAUSE SOME PEOPLE STILL CONSIDER THE TWO-YEAR-OLD ORGANIZATION RADICAL AND ANONYMITY IS NEEDED "TO PREVENT OUR BUSINESSES FROM SUFFERING AND TO PREVENT OUR WIVES FROM GETTING MALICIOUS PHONE CALLS."

IN MOST UNITS MINUTEMEN ARE IDENTIFIED BY NUMBERS. A MEMBER MAY NOT KNOW NAMES OF OTHERS IN HIS OWN UNIT.

MINUTEMEN ARE BEING TRAINED IN IDEOLOGICAL DEFENSE AGAINST COMMUNISM, IN PERSONAL SURVIVAL AND IN GUERRILLA WARFARE.

HE WAS A CIVILIAN RADAR ENGINEER ASSIGNED TO A SIGNAL CORPS UNIT DURING WORLD WAR II AND NEVER SAW ACTION. BUT HE HAS READ 30 OR 40 BOOKS ON GUERRILLA WARFARE AND PREPARED A HANDBOOK FOR GUIDANCE OF MINUTEMEN UNITS.

THERE IS NO STRONG CENTRAL LEADERSHIP IN THE ORGANIZATION AND INDIVIDUAL GROUPS ARE FREE TO ELABORATE ON THE GENERAL PROGRAM.

PROSPECTIVE MINUTEMEN ARE NOT REQUIRED TO STATE THEIR POLITICAL BELIEFS BUT ARE OBLIGED TO SAY WHETHER THEY HAVE EVER BELONGED TO ORGANIZATIONS ADVOCATING FORCEFUL OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT.

HE BELIEVES IT IS NECESSARY TODAY EVEN FOR MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROADERS TO MOVE TO THE RIGHT POLITICALLY TO COUNTERACT THE TREND TO THE LEFT. "IF YOU WANT TO WALK DOWN THE MIDDLE OF THE STREET AND SOMEBODY IS PULLING ON YOUR LEFT ARM, YOU'VE GOT TO PULL A LITTLE TOWARD THE RIGHT TO STAY IN THE MIDDLE."

DEPUGH SAID HE CAME TO THE WEST TO SEE WHETHER MOST MINUTEMEN THERE SHARE HIS GENERAL ATTITUDES. HE SAID HE FINDS MOST OF THEM DO. ##

AP115

(180)

LONDON, NOV. 9 (AP)-THE BRITISH BROADCASTING CORP. (BBC) TODAY REJECTED A PHONOGRAPH RECORD BY AMERICAN SINGER CHICO HOLIDAY, CONTENDING THAT IT REFLECTS AN HYSTERICAL ATTITUDE TOWARD THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION.

THE SON, "GOD, COUNTRY AND MY BABY", CONCERNS A YOUNG MAN IN MILITARY SERVICE. THE BBC WROTE THE BRITISH COMPANY THAT ISSUED THE DISC HERE:

"IT SEEMS TO US THAT THIS IS THE KIND OF SENTIMENTALITY WHICH MAY SOMETIMES BE JUSTIFIED IN WARTIME, BUT IS NOT SUITED TO A TIME OF PEACE, WHEN PEOPLE ARE TRYING TO KEEP THEIR HEADS AND BEHAVE SENSIBLY IN A DIFFICULT SITUATION.

"THE SENTIMENT IN THE LYRICS REFLECTS THE SOMEWHAT HYSTERICAL ATTITUDE TO THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION WHICH IS SAID TO BE PREVALENT IN AMERICA, BUT WHICH IS NOT SHARED IN THIS COUNTRY AND WHICH--IN OUR VIEW--WOULD BE UNDESIRABLE TO ENCOURAGE UNDER THE GUISE OF BROADCAST ENTERTAINMENT."

BRITISH COMEDIANS AND COMMENTATORS ON RADIO AND TELEVISION HAVE RECENTLY GOTTEN MANY LAUGHS WITH JOKES ABOUT AMERICAN INTEREST IN FALLOUT SHELTERS. BRITISH NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS IN NEW YORK HAVE SENT MANY STORIES TO THEIR LONDON PAPERS ABOUT THE FEAR OF WAR AMONG AMERICANS--AND THEIR REACTIONS TO IT.

IN NEW YORK, THE PRESIDENT OF ONE OF THE TWO FIRMS HOLDING THE AMERICAN COPYRIGHT TO THE SONG DEFENDED IT BY SAYING THERE WAS "NOTHING HYSTERIAL ABOUT IT...IT'S JUST A ROMANTIC BALLAD ABOUT A MAN WHO WAS DRAFTED."

MORTY WAX, PRESIDENT OF SARAH MUSIC CO., INC., SAID: "IT'S A GREAT SONG, BEAUTIFUL AND SINCERE." HE POINTED OUT THAT A RECENT POLL SHOWED IT RANKED NO. 25 IN THIS COUNTRY.

WAX GAVE THESE LYRICES FOR THE SONG:

"THEY SAY WE SAIL TONIGHT
AND WE MAY HAVE TO FIGHT.
I WANT WITH ALL MY MIGHT TO STAY
BUT I'LL GO FOR GOD, COUNTRY AND MY BABY.
YOU KNOW I HAVE TO GO
AND, DEAR, I'LL MISS YOU SO
FOR GOD, COUNTRY AND MY BABY.
PLEASE WRITE ME EVERY DAY
EVERY DAY THAT I'M AWAY
AND THOUGH I'LL BE ALONE ACROSS THE RHINE
I'LL DREAM ABOUT YOU, DEAR, AND KNOW YOU'RE MIND.
AND IF I EVER NEED YOU
I'LL CLOSE MY EYES AND SEE YOU
YOUR LIPS, YOUR KISSES
I'LL NEED THEM SO.
I'LL GO FOR GOD, COUNTRY AND MY BABY.
SURE AS THESE TEAR DROPS BURN
I PROMISE TO RETURN
AND WHEN I'M HOME
I'LL CLING TO THE ARMS OF MY BABY."

1961

THE SONG IS COPRIGHTED 1961 BY NEW PHOENIX MUSIC CO. AND SARAH MUSIC CO., INC. IT WAS WRITTEN BY JOHN DOLAN AND CHICO HOLIDAY.

JD146PES

End Nov 9, 1961